

NDMP Configuration Express Guide



ONTAP® 9

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Chapter 1. Deciding whether to use the NDMP Configuration Express Guide

This guide describes how to quickly configure an ONTAP 9 cluster to use the Network Data Management Protocol (NDMP) to back up data directly to tape using a third-party backup application.

You should use this guide if you want to configure NDMP in the following context:

- The cluster is running ONTAP 9.
- You have a third-party backup application (also called a Data Management Application or DMA).
- You are a cluster administrator.
- You want to perform backup operations either at the cluster level (using the admin storage virtual machine (SVM)) or node level.
- Tape devices and an optional media server are installed.
- Tape devices are connected to the cluster through a Fibre Channel (FC) switch and not directly attached.
- At least one tape device has a logical unit number (LUN) of 0.
- You are using FlexVol volumes and not Infinite Volumes.
- You want to use best practices, not explore every available option.
- You do not want to read a lot of conceptual background.

If these assumptions are not correct for your situation, you should see the *Clustered Data ONTAP Data Protection Tape Backup and Recovery Guide*.

Data protection using tape backup

Chapter 2. NDMP configuration workflow

Setting up tape backup over NDMP involves preparing for NDMP configuration, verifying the tape device connections, enabling tape reservations, configuring NDMP at the SVM or node level, enabling NDMP on the cluster, configuring a backup user, configuring LIFs, and configuring the backup application.



Preparing for NDMP configuration

Before you configure tape backup access over Network Data Management Protocol (NDMP), you must verify that the planned configuration is supported, verify that your tape drives are listed as qualified drives on each node, verify that all nodes have intercluster LIFs, and identify whether the backup application supports the Cluster Aware Backup (CAB) extension.

Step 1. Verify that the planned configuration is supported by checking Lenovo Storage Interoperation Center (LSIC).

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/lsic

You should verify that the following components are compatible:

- The version of ONTAP 9 that is running on the cluster.
- The backup application vendor and application version: for example, Symantec NetBackup 7.6 or CommVault Simpana 10 SP8.

- The tape devices details, such as the manufacturer, model, and interface of the tape drives: for example, IBM Ultrium-TD4 FC or HP Ultrium-5 SAS.
- The platforms of the nodes in the cluster: for example, FAS3260 or FAS6280.
- Step 2. Verify that your tape drives are listed as qualified drives in each node's built-in tape configuration file:
 - a. On the command line-interface, view the built-in tape configuration file by using the storage tape show-supported-status command.

Example

cluster1::> storage tape show-supported-status

Node: cluster1-1		
	Is	
Tape Drives	Supported	Support Status
Certance Ultrium 2	true	Dynamically Qualified
Certance Ultrium 3	true	Dynamically Qualified
Digital DLT2000	true	Qualified

b. Compare your tape drives to the list of qualified drives in the output.

Note: The names of the tape devices in the output might vary slightly from the names on the device label or in Lenovo Storage Interoperation Center (LSIC). For example, Digital DLT2000 can also be known as DLT2k. You can ignore these minor naming differences.

c. If a device is not listed as qualified in the output even though the device is qualified according to Lenovo Storage Interoperation Center (LSIC), download and install an updated configuration file for the device using the instructions on the Lenovo Data Center Support site.

Lenovo Downloads: Tape Device Configuration Files

A qualified device might not be listed in the built-in tape configuration file if the tape device was qualified after the node was shipped.

- Step 3. Verify that every node in the cluster has an intercluster LIF:
 - a. View the intercluster LIFs on the nodes by using the network interface show -role intercluster command.

Example

cluster1::> network interface show -role intercluster

Vserver	Logical	Status	Network	Current	Current	Is
	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port	Home
cluster1	IC1	up/up	192.0.2.65/24	cluster1-1	eOa	true

b. If an intercluster LIF does not exist on any node, create an intercluster LIF by using the network interface create command.

Example

cluster1::> network interface create -vserver cluster1 -lif IC2 -role intercluster -home-node cluster1-2 -home-port e0b -address 192.0.2.68 -netmask 255.255.255.0 -status-admin up -failover-policy local-only -firewall-policy intercluster

cluster1::> network interface show -role intercluster

Logical Status Network Current Current Is

Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port	Home
cluster1	IC1	up/up	192.0.2.65/24	cluster1-1	 e0a	true
cluster1	IC2	up/up	192.0.2.68/24	cluster1-2	eOb	true

Network Management Guide

Step 4. Identify whether the backup application supports Cluster Aware Backup (CAB) by using the documentation provided with the backup application.

CAB support is a key factor in determining the type of backup you can perform.

Verifying tape device connections

You must ensure that all drives and media changers are visible in Data ONTAP as devices.

Step 1. View information about all drives and media changers by using the storage tape show command.

Example

cluster1::> storage tape show

Node: cluster1-01 Device ID	Device Type	Description	Status
sw4:10.11	tape drive	HP LTO-3	normal
Ob.125L1	media changer	HP MSL G3 Series	normal
Od.4	tape drive	IBM LTO 5 ULT3580	normal
Od.4L1	media changer	IBM 3573-TL	normal

- Step 2. If a tape drive is not displayed, troubleshoot the problem.
- Step 3. If a media changer is not displayed, view information about media changers by using the storage tape show-media-changer command, and then troubleshoot the problem.

Example

cluster1::> storage tape show-media-changer

Enabling tape reservations

You must ensure that tape drives are reserved for use by backup applications for NDMP backup operations.

About this task

The reservation settings vary in different backup applications, and these settings must match the backup application and the nodes or servers using the same drives. See the vendor documentation of the backup application for the correct reservation settings.

Step 1. Enable reservations by using the options -option-name tape.reservations -option-value persistent command.

Example

The following command enables reservations with the persistent value: cluster1::> options -option-name tape.reservations -option-value persistent 2 entries were modified.

Step 2. Verify that reservations are enabled on all nodes by using the options tape.reservations command, and then review the output.

Example

cluster1::> options tape.reservations	
cluster1-1 tape.reservations	persistent
cluster1-2 tape.reservations 2 entries were displaued.	persistent

Configuring NDMP at the SVM level or the node level

If the backup application supports Cluster Aware Backup (CAB), you can configure NDMP as SVM-scoped at the cluster (admin SVM) level, which enables you to back up all volumes hosted across different nodes of the cluster. Otherwise, you can configure node-scoped NDMP, which enables you to back up all the volumes hosted on that node.

Configuring SVM-scoped NDMP

If the DMA supports the Cluster Aware Backup (CAB) extension, you can back up all the volumes hosted across different nodes in a cluster by enabling SVM-scoped NDMP, configuring a backup user account, and configuring LIFs for data and control connection.

Before you begin

The CAB extension must be supported by the DMA.

Enabling SVM-scoped NDMP on the cluster

You can configure SVM-scoped NDMP on the cluster by enabling SVM-scoped NDMP mode and NDMP service on the cluster (admin SVM).

About this task

Turning off node-scoped NDMP mode enables SVM-scoped NDMP mode on the cluster.

Step 1. Enable SVM-scoped NDMP mode by using the system services ndmp command with the nodescope-mode parameter.

Example

cluster1::> system services ndmp node-scope-mode off

NDMP node-scope-mode is disabled.

Step 2. Enable NDMP service on the admin SVM by using the vserver services ndmp on command.

Example

cluster1::> vserver services ndmp on -vserver cluster1 The authentication type is set to challenge by default and plaintext authentication is disabled.

Note: For secure communication, you should keep plaintext authentication disabled.

Step 3. Verify that NDMP service is enabled by using the vserver services ndmp show command.

Example

cluster1::> vserver services ndmp show

Vserver Enabled Authentication type cluster1 true challenge vs1 false challenge

Configuring a backup user for the cluster

To authenticate NDMP from the backup application, you must create a local backup user, or an NIS or LDAP user for the cluster with the admin or backup role, and generate an NDMP password for the backup user.

Before you begin

If you are using an NIS or LDAP user, the user must be created on the respective server. You cannot use an Active Directory user.

Step 1. Create a backup user with the admin or backup role by using the security login create command.

You can specify a local backup user name or an NIS or LDAP user name for the -user-or-groupname parameter.

Example

The following command creates the backup user backup_admin1 with the backup role: cluster1::> security login create -user-or-group-name backup_admin1 -application ssh -authmethod password -role backup

Please enter a password for user 'backup_admin1': Please enter it again:

Step 2. Generate a password for the admin SVM by using the vserver services ndmp generate password command.

The generated password must be used to authenticate the NDMP connection by the backup application.

Example

cluster1::> vserver services ndmp generate-password -vserver cluster1 -user backup_admin1

Vserver: cluster1 User: backup_admin1 Password: gG5CgQHYxw7tE57g

Configuring LIFs

You must identify the LIFs that will be used for establishing a data connection between the data and tape resources, and for control connection between the admin SVM and the backup application. After identifying the LIFs, you must verify that firewall and failover policies are set for the LIFs, and specify the preferred interface role.

Step 1. Identify the intercluster, cluster-management, and node-management LIFs by using the network interface show command with the -role parameter.

Example

The following command displays the intercluster LIFs: cluster1::> network interface show -role intercluster

Vserver	Logical	Status	Network	Current	Current	Is
	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port	Home
cluster1	IC1	up/up	192.0.2.65/24	cluster1-1	e0a	true
cluster1	IC2	up/up	192.0.2.68/24	cluster1-2	e0b	true

The following command displays the cluster-management LIF: cluster1::> network interface show -role cluster-mgmt

Vserver	Logical	Status	Network	Current	Current	Is
	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port	Home
cluster1	cluster_mgmt	up/up	192.0.2.60/24	cluster1-2	e0M	true

The following command displays the node-management LIFs: cluster1::> network interface show -role node-mgmt

Vserver	Logical	Status	Network	Current	Current	Is
	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port	Home
cluster1	cluster1-1_mgmt1	up/up	192.0.2.69/24	cluster1-1	eOM	true
	cluster1-2_mgmt1	up/up	192.0.2.70/24	cluster1-2	eOM	true

- Ensure that the firewall policy is enabled for NDMP on the intercluster, cluster-management Step 2. (cluster-mgmt), and node-management (node-mgmt) LIFs:
 - Verify that the firewall policy is enabled for NDMP by using the system services firewall a. policy show command.

Example

The following command displays the firewall policy for the cluster-management LIF:

cluster1::> system services firewall policy show -policy cluster

Vserver	Policy	Service	Allowed	
cluster	cluster	dns	0.0.0/0	-
		http	0.0.0/0	
		https	0.0.0/0	
		ndmp	0.0.0/0	
		ndmps	0.0.0/0	
		ntp	0.0.0/0	
		rsh	0.0.0/0	
		snmp	0.0.0/0	
		ssh	0.0.0/0	
		telnet	0.0.0/0	
10 ontrios	woro dienlauo	Ч		

10 entries were displayed.

The following command displays the firewall policy for the intercluster LIF:

cluster1::> system services firewall policy show -policy intercluster

Vserver	Policy	Service	Allowed
cluster1	intercluster	dns http https ndmp ndmps ntp rsh ssh telnet	- - 0.0.0.0/0, ::/0 - - - -

9 entries were displayed.

The following command displays the firewall policy for the node-management LIF:

cluster1::> system services firewall policy show -policy mgmt

Vserver	Policy	Service	Allowed
cluster1-1	mgmt	dns	0.0.0.0/0, ::/0
		http	0.0.0.0/0, ::/0
		https	0.0.0.0/0, ::/0
		ndmp	0.0.0/0, ::/0
		ndmps	0.0.0/0, ::/0
		ntp	0.0.0/0, ::/0
		rsh	-
		snmp	0.0.0/0, ::/0
		ssh	0.0.0.0/0, ::/0
		telnet	-

10 entries were displayed.

b. If the firewall policy is not enabled, enable the firewall policy by using the system services firewall policy modify command with the -service parameter.

Example

The following command enables firewall policy for the intercluster LIF: cluster1::> system services firewall policy modify -vserver cluster1 -policy intercluster -service ndmp 0.0.0.0/0

- Step 3. Ensure that the failover policy is set appropriately for all the LIFs:
 - a. Verify that the failover policy for the cluster-management LIF is set to broadcast-domain-wide, and the policy for the intercluster and node-management LIFs is set to local-only by using the network interface show -failover command.

Example

The following command displays the failover policy for the cluster-management, intercluster, and node-management LIFs:

cluster1::> network interface show -failover

Vserver	Logical Interface	Home Node:Port	Failover Policy	Failover Group
cluster	cluster1_clus1	cluster1-1:eOa	local-only Failov	cluster er Targets:
cluster1	cluster_mgmt	cluster1-1:e0m	broadcast -o Failov	domain-wide Default er Targets:

IC1	cluster1-1:e0a	local-only	Default
IC2	cluster1-1:e0b	Failover Targets local-only Failover Targets	Default
cluster1-1 cluster1-1_mgm	t1 cluster1-1:e0m	 local-only Failover Targets	Default
cluster1-2 cluster1-2_mgm	t1 cluster1-2:e0m	 local-only Failover Targets 	Default :

b. If the failover policies are not set appropriately, modify the failover policy by using the network interface modify command with the -failover-policy parameter.

Example

cluster1::> network interface modify -vserver cluster1 -lif IC1 -failover-policy local-only

Step 4. Specify the LIFs that are required for data connection by using the vserver services ndmp modify command with the preferred-interface-role parameter.

Example

cluster1::> vserver services ndmp modify -vserver cluster1 -preferred-interface-role intercluster,cluster-mgmt,node-mgmt

Step 5. Verify that the preferred interface role is set for the cluster by using the vserver services ndmp show command.

Example

cluster1::> vserver services ndmp show -vserver cluster1

Vserver: cluster1 NDMP Version: 4

Preferred Interface Role: intercluster, cluster-mgmt, node-mgmt

Configuring node-scoped NDMP

You can back up volumes hosted on a node by enabling node-scoped NDMP, setting up the password for the root user, and configuring a LIF for data and control connection.

Enabling node-scoped NDMP on the cluster

You can configure node-scoped NDMP by enabling node-scoped NDMP on the cluster and NDMP service on all nodes of the cluster. You must also configure the root user for NDMP when enabling the NDMP service.

Step 1. Enable node-scoped NDMP mode by using the system services ndmp command with the nodescope-mode parameter.

Example

cluster1::> system services ndmp node-scope-mode on NDMP node-scope-mode is enabled.

Step 2. Enable NDMP service on all nodes in the cluster by using the system services ndmp on command. Using the wildcard "*" enables NDMP service on all nodes at the same time.

You must specify a password for authentication of the NDMP connection by the backup application.

Example

cluster1::> system services ndmp on -node *

Please enter password: Confirm password: 2 entries were modified.

Step 3. Disable the -clear-text option for secure communication of the NDMP password by using the system services ndmp modify command. Using the wildcard "*" disables the -clear-text option on all nodes at the same time.

Example

cluster1::> system services ndmp modify -node * -clear-text false 2 entries were modified.

Step 4. Verify that NDMP service is enabled and the -clear-text option is disabled by using the system services ndmp show command.

Example

cluster1::> system services ndmp showNodeEnabledClear textUser Idcluster1-1truefalserootcluster1-2truefalseroot2 entries were displayed.

Configuring a LIF

You must identify a LIF that will be used for establishing a data connection and control connection between the node and the backup application. After identifying the LIF, you must verify that firewall and failover policies are set for the LIF.

Step 1. Identify the intercluster LIF hosted on the nodes by using the network interface show command with the -role parameter.

Example

cluster1::> network interface show -role intercluster

Vserver	Logical Interface	Status Admin/Oper	Network Address/Mask	Current Node	Curreı Port	nt Is Home	
cluster1	IC1	up/up	192.0.2.65/24	cluster1-1	eOa	true	
cluster1	IC2	up/up	192.0.2.68/24	cluster1-2	eOb	true	

- Step 2. Ensure that the firewall policy is enabled for NDMP on the intercluster LIFs:
 - a. Verify that the firewall policy is enabled for NDMP by using the system services firewall policy show command.

Example

The following command displays the firewall policy for the intercluster LIF:

cluster1::> system services firewall policy show -policy intercluster

Vserver Policy Service Allowed

cluster1	intercluster	dns	-
		http	-
		https	-
		ndmp	0.0.0/0, ::/0
		ndmps	-
		ntp	-
		rsh	-
		ssh	-
		telnet	-

- 9 entries were displayed.
- b. If the firewall policy is not enabled, enable the firewall policy by using the system services firewall policy modify command with the -service parameter.

Example

The following command enables firewall policy for the intercluster LIF: cluster1::> system services firewall policy modify -vserver cluster1 -policy intercluster -service ndmp 0.0.0.0/0

- Step 3. Ensure that the failover policy is set appropriately for the intercluster LIFs:
 - a. Verify that the failover policy for the intercluster LIFs is set to local-only by using the network interface show -failover command.

Example

cluster1::> Vserver	network interface Logical Interface	show -failover Home Node:Port	Failover Policy	Failover Group
cluster1	IC1	cluster1-1:e0a	local-only Default Failover Targets:	
	IC2	cluster1-2:e0b	 local-only Failo	Default ver Targets:
cluster1-1	cluster1-1_mgmt1	cluster1-1:eOm	local-only Failo	Default ver Targets:

b. If the failover policy is not set appropriately, modify the failover policy by using the network interface modify command with the -failover-policy parameter.

Example

```
cluster1::> network interface modify -vserver cluster1 -lif IC1 -failover-policy local-only
```

Configuring the backup application

After the cluster is configured for NDMP access, you must gather information from the cluster configuration and then configure the rest of the backup process in the backup application.

Step 1. Gather the following information that you configured earlier in Data ONTAP:

- The user name and password that the backup application requires to create the NDMP connection
- The IP addresses of the intercluster LIFs that the backup application requires to connect to the cluster
- Step 2. In Data ONTAP, display the aliases that Data ONTAP assigned to each device by using the storage tape alias show command.

The aliases are often useful in configuring the backup application.

Example

Step 3. In the backup application, configure the rest of the backup process by using the backup application's documentation.

After you finish

If a data mobility event occurs, such as a volume move or LIF migration, you must be prepared to reinitialize any interrupted backup operations.

Chapter 3. Where to find additional information

Additional documentation is available to further configure tape backup, restore from tape, and configure other types of data protection.

Documentation about tape backup and restore

• Data protection using tape backup

Describes how to back up and recover data using tape backup and recovery features in clusters, using NDMP, SMTape, and dump technologies.

Documentation on other types of data protection

• Data Protection Power Guide

Describes how to plan and manage disaster recovery and disk-to-disk backup of clustered systems.

Appendix A. Contacting Support

You can contact Support to obtain help for your issue.

You can receive hardware service through a Lenovo Authorized Service Provider. To locate a service provider authorized by Lenovo to provide warranty service, go to https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/ serviceprovider and use filter searching for different countries. For Lenovo support telephone numbers, see https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/supportphonelist for your region support details.

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